

使用者須知

請於使用安鼻靈前, 小心閱讀此說明書。 此說明書提供重要資訊。為達致最佳效 果,請依足指示使用。若需要更多資料, 請諮詢醫生或藥劑師。請保存此說明書, 以供日後閱讀。

甚麼是安鼻靈和甚麼時候使用?

安鼻靈適用於不同類型的傷風感冒。它用 於鼻孔. 具備收縮血管的功能. 繼而暢通 鼻和咽喉黏膜。

這功效能使傷風感冒患者更容易地透過 鼻孔呼吸。安鼻靈的功能在數分鐘內起 效, 並持續數小時。安鼻靈所含的成分能 預防鼻黏膜過乾。

甚麼時候不宜使用安鼻靈?

曾接受頭部手術人士應由醫生決定應否 使用安鼻靈。這限制也應用於其他使鼻 內血管收縮之產品。在鼻黏膜非常乾燥 或慢性發炎(乾燥性鼻炎或萎縮性鼻炎) 或急性(閉角)青光眼的情況下不應使用 安鼻靈。對安鼻靈成分過敏人士不可使 用此藥。

使用安鼻靈時要警惕甚麼?

如同其他感冒藥物,安鼻靈可引致睡眠及 視力出現問題,或頭暈。這亦正顯示出對 產品出現過敏反應。

請諮詢你的醫生, 如果:

- 這些過敏反應對你帶來很大影響,
- 您的感冒持續或惡化, 或
- 其他問題出現。

高血壓、心血管疾病、甲狀腺過度活躍 前列腺腫大, 嗜鉻細胞瘤(腎上腺腫瘤) 或糖尿病人士必須小心使用安鼻靈產 品。

如果您目前正在,或者在過去14天內服用 MAO抑製劑 (抗抑鬱藥的一種), 則不 應使用安鼻靈。

如果您正在服用某些抗抑鬱藥 (三環或

四環抗抑鬱藥),也不應使用此藥物。 在沒有醫生指示下,請勿使用安鼻靈超 過一星期。持續使用可能出現反鼻塞症 狀 (藥物性鼻炎), 而它與感冒症狀非常 相似。

請通知你的醫生或藥劑師, 如你:

- 正患有其他病患.
- 有過敏症
- 正使用其他外用或口服藥物(包括自行 選用的藥物)。

如何貯存安鼻靈?

請存放藥物在兒童視線範圍外並不易觸 及的地方。

可以在懷孕期間或哺乳時使用安鼻靈嗎? 懷孕期間不應使用安鼻靈。如你正哺乳 中, 請在使用安鼻靈前諮詢你的醫生。

過量使用

如果您使用過量安鼻靈、請立即告知醫生。 過量服用或意外攝入藥物可引起中毒。

安鼻靈可引致甚麼副作用?

如果您發現以下症狀之一,請停止使用安 鼻靈並立即尋求醫療幫助,因為這可能 是過敏反應:

- 呼吸或吞嚥困難
- 面部, 嘴唇, 舌頭和/或喉嚨區域腫脹,
- 強烈瘙癢, 皮疹和/或皮膚紅腫,
- 心律不齊。

常見的副作用(每100名患者中有1至10 名):

鼻乾燥和刺激, 噁心, 頭痛和局部燒灼 感。

非常罕見的副作用(每10,000名患者中 少於1名)

過敏反應(皮疹,瘙癢),暫時性視力模 糊, 心律不規則或加速, 藥物相關的鼻粘 膜腫脹。

如你留意到說明書內沒有提及的副作 用,請告訴您的醫生或藥劑師。

服用劑量及方法

安鼻靈0.05%適合6-11歲兒童使用。 6-11歲兒童, 每個鼻孔使用1-2滴。每日 1-2次。

請勿使用安鼻靈超過七天, 如症狀持續, 請諮詢醫生意見。長期或過量使用安鼻 靈可導致鼻塞症狀復發或惡化。

切勿自行使用超過建議劑量。

每鼻孔每天不可使用超過3次。應在晚上 睡覺前使用當天的最後一個劑量。

安鼻靈含有甚麼成分? 兒童滴鼻劑含有0.05% xylometazoline hydrochloride. 賦形劑包括sodium dihydrogen phosphate dihydrate, disodium phosphate dodecahydrate, disodium edetate, benzalkonium chloride, sorbitol 70%, methylhydroxypropylcellulose 4000mPa-s, sodium chloride and purified water.

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Information intended for patients

Read this entire leaflet carefully before you start using Otrivin. It contains important information for you. Follow the instructions carefully to get the best results. Ask a doctor or a pharmacist if you need more information or advice. Keep this leaflet, you may need to read it again.

What is Otrivin and when is it used?

Otrivin is used for various types of colds. It is designed to be applied in the nostrils, where it exerts a vasoconstricting effect thereby decongesting the mucosa of the nose and the throat.

This effect allows patients with colds to breathe more easily through the nose. The action of Otrivin is felt within a few minutes and lasts for several hours. Otrivin contains ingredients which help prevent the nasal mucosa drying out.

When must Otrivin not be used?

If you have had surgery involving the head, it is up to your doctor to decide whether you can use Otrivin. This limitation also applies to all other vasoconstrictive products used in the nose. Otrivin must not be used in the case of very dry or chronically inflamed nasal mucosa (Rhinitis sicca or Rhinitis atrophicans) or in the case of acute (closed-angle) glaucoma. Patients who are allergic to any of the ingredients in Otrivin must not use this medicinal product.

What precautions must be taken when using Otrivin?

As with other medicinal products for colds, Otrivin can lead to sleep and vision problems or episodes of dizziness which are evidence of oversensitivity to the product.

Please consult your doctor if:

- these effects are very disruptive,
- your cold persists or gets worse or
- other problems appear.

Otrivin must be used with care in the case of hypertension, cardio-vascular disease, thyroid hyperactivity, enlarged prostate, phaeochromocytoma (a tumour of the adrenal glands) or diabetes (Diabetes mellitus). You should not use Otrivin if you are currently taking a MAO inhibitor (a medicine against depression), or have taken one within the last 14 days.

You should also not use this medicine if you are taking certain anti-depressants (tricyclic or tetracyclic anti-depressants).

Otrivin must not be used for more than a week without medical advice because over a longer period of use, rebound congestion of the nasal mucosa (rhinitis medicamentosa) may appear. This would be very similar to the symptoms of a cold. Please inform your doctor, pharmacist or chemist if:

- you suffer from another medical condition,
- vou are allergic,
- you are already taking or using other medicinal products either internally or externally (even when as self-medication!).

How to store Otrivin:

Keep all medicines out of the reach and sight of children.

Can Otrivin be used during pregnancy or when breast-feeding?

Otrivin should not be used during pregnancy. If you are breast feeding, please consult your doctor before using Otrivin.

Overdosage:

If you have used more Otrivin than you should, inform your doctor immediately. Poisoning can occur through significant overdose or through accidental ingestion of the medicine.

What side-effects can Otrivin cause?

Stop using Otrivin and seek medical help immediately if you notice one of the following signs as it could be an allergic reaction:

- · Difficulty breathing or swallowing,
- Swelling of face, lips, tongue and/or throat area,
- Strong itching with red rash and/or elevations on the skin,
- · Irregular heartbeat.

Common side effects (in 1 to 10 out of every 100 patients): Nasal dryness and irritation, nausea, headache and local burning sensation.

Very rare side effects (less than 1 out of every 10,000 patients):

Allergic reactions (skin rash, itching), temporarily blurred vision, irregular or accelerated heartbeat, drug-related nasal mucosal swelling (Rhinitis medicamentosa).

If you notice side-effects that are not mentioned in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Dosage and Administration:

Otrivin 0.05% is indicated in children aged 6 to 11 years old.

Children aged 6-11 years: 1 to 2 drops in each nostril, once or twice per day.

Otrivin should not be used for more than 7 consecutive days. If symptoms persist, consult your doctor. Prolonged or excessive use may cause stuffiness in the nose to return or worsen.

Do not exceed the recommended dosage.

Do not exceed 3 applications daily into each nostril. The last application of the day should preferably be shortly before going to bed.

What does Otrivin contain?

Otrivin nasal drops for children contain 0.05% of xylometazoline hydrochloride. The excipients include sodium dihydrogen phosphate dihydrate, disodium phosphate dodecahydrate, disodium edetate, benzalkonium chloride, sorbitol 70%, methylhydroxypropylcellulose 4000mPa-s, sodium chloride and purified water.

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